municipal districts in which police departments are established. In areas of law and order, district offices are responsible. All of them are subordinate to the city Police Department, headed by the director.

There is no Patrol Police as a separate unit in Czech Republic, patrol officers are usually the officers who work in local police units. Still, there are Patrol Police Academies and in order to enter the Patrol Police Academy of the Czech Republic, person must have a Permanent Residence in the Czech Republic. For foreigners, it is necessary to provide a certificate that confirms the required level of knowledge of the Czech language. Technical equipment of the patrol police is excellent. The weapons are mainly Czech, and this is not surprising: the country is famous for its gunsmiths, which is good for Czech Republic. The police have armored vehicles equipment: helicopters, speedboats and water-jet vehicles in case of suppression of unrest, which is not the case with the Ukrainian police.

In conclusion, we can say that Ukrainian police have enough personnel and resources to succeed, but still lack professional equipment, modern weapons technology and experience in the flawless work of police officers and cooperation with various agencies in other countries.

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## THE BASICS OF POLICING CAN RESTORE TRUST AND REPAIR RELATIONS

Many people believe that most European patrol police don't wear guns, but the majority of continental police agencies issue firearms to their officers. In fact, the nations in which police do not routinely carry guns are few. You won't find officers with handguns on their hips in United Kingdom, Norway, Ireland, Iceland and New Zealand. Patrol police are on foot rather than in cars. It does not mean that U.K. officers are defenseless. They carry batons, pepper sprays and handcuffs to help them perform their duties (in Northern Ireland police carry guns while on patrol). If a situation requires the threat of deadly force, police in Great Britain and Northern Ireland can call on the assistance of Authorized Firearms Officers to respond. These officers have special training in the use of firearms and are ready to respond when the situation calls for it. In these countries the police officers are trained to talk to people, get to know them, participate in community events, engage the community in a respectful manner and build trust.

Experts see radical rethinking in law enforcement, which means relying less on force and more on face-to-face contact. What makes guns so unnecessary for cops in these countries? It is how the country structures its law enforcement. When policing is centralized, it is possible to institute and enforce provincial or national use of force rules. At the federal level, the government has the power to implement sweeping programs that standardize when and how officers can use lethal force.

People feel a sense of togetherness for many reasons, including the fact that most people look similar and hold similar beliefs. These smaller countries have time-honored traditions of disarming their police officers. If a state like the US or other countries wants to emulate British or Norway results, they need to focus on building trust at the local level.

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## PATROL OFFICER'S JOB

Patrolling is the essence of a police officer's job. Patrol officers provide public safety by maintaining order, responding to emergencies, protecting people and property, enforcing motor vehicle and criminal laws, and promoting good community relations. They are the most visible representatives of the police, as they proactively patrol the areas on foot, horseback, or motorized conveyance, responding promptly to calls for assistance. Technological innovations like two-way radio, cell phones and computer terminals in patrol cars have dramatically expanded police's reach. However, most officers rely on acute observation and gut feelings to get their jobs done.

Uniformed police officers are assigned to patrol the areas, which they check for signs of criminal acts. The officers conduct searches, warn or arrest offenders. These activities are often carried out as follow-up investigations of citizen complaints and emergency calls.

Another important task for patrol officers is to deal with traffic accidents. They are expected to direct traffic if necessary, examine the scene, interview witnesses, provide first aid for any injured victims, and take written statements from drivers.

When patrolling in the nighttime, the officers examine doors and windows of the business places in the assigned area of patrol to see that they are properly secured. If any door or window is found to be unsecured, the officers notify the station and take immediate measures to secure the