Ukraine, as a democratic country, and is actively involved in combating violence in general. Thus, the International Campaign "16 Days Against Violence" is held annually in Ukraine and has been supported by the international community since 1991. And the action itself begins on November 25, as officially November 25 is International Day for the Elimination of Violence against Women, officially proclaimed by the UN General Assembly in 1999, but since 1981 it has been a day to commemorate the death of the three Mirabel sisters that were brutally murdered during the dictatorship of Dominican ruler Rafael Trujillo.

The issue of violence is acute throughout the world and our country is no exception. Ukraine has something to learn from the world community in addressing this issue, but most important is that we have embarked on a path to combat violence. And I am convinced that only when each of us contributes a part to this case will we be able to solve this problem together.

Language adviser N. V. Krasnova

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VLADYSLAV VOLODYMYROVYCH ROHOVYI

Kharkiv National University of Internal Affairs

THE PROBLEM OF BULLYING IN EUROPEAN SCHOOLS

The issue of violence in contemporary world has a lot of different aspects. One of them is the problem of school violence, which has been attracting growing attention of the society. According to UNICEF, about one third of all students in all educational settings experience bullying at some stage in schools round the world.

In a study aimed to discover the nature and incidence of bullying in Dublin primary schools 783 children (285 boys and 498 girls) between 7 and 13 years of age in four National Schools in Dublin were questioned about their experiences of being bullied and bullying others. The most common types of bullying reported were teasing, being hit and kicked and rejection. Overall, 10.5% of the children reported they were involved in serious bullying, either as a bully or as a victim. These figures, mainly, are common among European teenagers. Bullying and harassment cause a lot of harm to physical and mental health of children and are detrimental to their academic success.

So, how to prevent bullying? There is no simple solution to the problem, but it obviously needs combined efforts of parents, schools, lawmakers, and other interested parties. Parents should be outspoken with their kids and discuss their problems honestly. Special activities, interests, and hobbies can

help gain confidence and protect children from bullying behavior. Each school should have a bullying prevention policy and actively implement it in everyday life, thus creating a positive school climate. Legislators should provide a sound legal foundation to curb school violence. Law enforcement agencies can also make a considerable contribution to the problem solution. Researchers in the field underline that relying on purely punitive measures like suspension, expulsion, and juvenile arrests has not been effective in improving the situation. Instead, the police and other law enforcers should concentrate on developing bullying prevention programs and activities.

Language adviser O. S. Levashov

UDC 343.9:343.226

ROMAN ROMANOVYCH ROMANIV

Kharkiv National University of Internal Affairs

COMBATING AND PREVENTING CRIME IN SOCIETY (FOREIGN EXPERIENCE)

Current international crime prevention practices show that the most progressive and effective approaches to combating crime and its individual manifestations take place mainly in developed oil and oil-rich western countries. Many factors influence the formation of highly trained police forces capable of counteracting and preventing crime, such as: government funding, scientific development, and implementation of a long-term public impact strategy through the design and implementation of various prevention programs and projects.

Police in the United Arab Emirates started testing robots. The first such officer began to perform his duties in Dubai. This is only the first step in a large-scale patrol automation program. The Dubai Police Department, the largest city in the United Arab Emirates, has launched an experiment involving the first robots. If the law enforcement officer well established in the service, by 2030, work scheduled to replace a quarter of patrols and the city.

Cyborg has armor that completely replicates the shape of a Dubai police officer. He is the size of an adult man. Robocop even gives a military salute as a real police officer. These jobs can work 24 hours a day and seven days a week. An important element is that he does not have to pay a salary. In the emirate of Dubai, police are accustomed to dealing with high technology and luxury equipment. Here patrols leave on high-tech super trucks Lamborghini and Ferrari. However, the first robot cop in the Middle East raises the bar of manufacturability even higher. Cyborg does not need a car because it has