

Activities between different prevention actors and civil society, as well as the provision of modern technical facilities and equipment necessary for the effective detection, investigation of crimes, the execution of necessary research and expertise.

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VOLUNTARY POLICE SERVICES AS A COMPONENT INTERACTION BETWEEN THE POLICE AND CIVIL SOCIETY

Today, one of the most common models of partnerships between police and civil society in the world is the model ("Community Policing", "Community-oriented Policing", "Neighborhood Policing"). This model of building relationships of police with the population, public formations is used in policing of the USA, UK, Germany, Poland. The Community Policing model of police-civil society is multi-level. It includes relations between the police and the population at the individual, local levels, and public life in general. It should be noted that the main objectives of the Community Policing model are: prevention and reduction of crime; the eradication of negative social phenomena (street prostitution, consumption of alcoholic beverages in public places, aggressive begging, graffiti, street clogging); increasing the sense of safety and quality of life of the residents; initiating the activity of the inhabitants and creating a coalition in order to maintain public safety and order; improving the attitude of the population to the police; improving the comfort of life in communities (as a result). One of the most widespread forms of interaction between civil society and the police in modern countries, which contributes to the achievement of these objectives of the Community Policing model, is the joint activity of the police and voluntary civic groups. Such voluntary civic formations include: voluntary police services established in Baden-Württemberg and Hesse and security guards existing in Bavaria and Saxony. Public Watch in Poland and the like. The Baden-Württemberg and Hesse Volunteer Police Service, through patrolling, timely reporting of illegal activities and emergencies, as well as traffic inspections, security of buildings and structures, assists the German police in the protection of law and order and the protection of citizens' rights and freedoms. The activity of the voluntary police service promotes the education of socially active and legitimate behavior of members of the society, determines the desire of the public not only to facilitate

the performance of tasks by police officers, but also by their own active actions to influence the level of law and order in their area. In our view, in order to take care of the security of the country, with a large population it is necessary, on its own initiative, to form associations for the protection of public safety.

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CHILD SEXUAL ABUSE ONLINE: THREATS AND SOLUTIONS

Child abuse is a worldwide problem that became obvious only last 20 years. The results of studies show that up to 1 billion children aged 2–17, experience physical, sexual, or emotional violence or neglect each year.

Sexual abuse and sexual exploitation of children are particularly severe crimes which the development of the internet has further aggravated, generating new crimes such as “grooming” (soliciting children online for sexual purposes), cyberbullying (harassment of people on social networks), sextortion (soliciting intimate photos or videos for blackmail purposes) and sexting (the activity of sending text messages that are about sex or intended to sexually excite someone).

According to the Internet Watch Foundation (IWF) data of 2017, a web page displays images of children being sexually abused every 7 minutes. In 2017, 78,589 URLs that contained images of sexual abuse, concentrated particularly in the Netherlands, followed by the United States, Canada, France and Russia were detected. 55% of the victims are less than 10 years old. 86% contained images of girls, 7% of boys, and 5% contained images of both boys and girls.

To be able to act more effectively to prevent this crime we need to better understand the technology and the way the material is shared online, also trends in victim’s characteristics and characteristics of offenders as well as content characteristics overtime. Law enforcement agencies throughout the world must have databases and the ability to track relevant information about the material they process and investigate. It is not enough to have large databases with lots of variables, rather we need robust databases with useful, and carefully defined variables to act to prevent this crime from happening and find victims when it does. Preventing violence against children in a digital environment can’t be achieved without amendment to the law. Otherwise, this will lead to an increasing level of Internet crime against children, and raise the number of child pornography.

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